Name: Key

Energy

Read from Lesson 1 of the Work, Energy and Power chapter at The Physics Classroom:

http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/energy/u5l1b.html http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/energy/u5l1c.html http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/energy/u5l1d.html

MOP Connection:

Work and Energy: sublevels 3 and 4

1. Read each of the following statements and identify them as having to do with kinetic energy (KE), potential energy (PE) or both (B).

KE, PE or B?	Statement:
KE	1. If an object is at rest, it certainly does NOT possess this form of energy.
PE	2. Depends upon object mass and object height.
_KE	3. The energy an object possesses due to its motion.
_ <u>B</u>	4. The amount is expressed using the unit joule (abbreviated J).
_PE	5. The energy stored in an object due to its position (or height).
_PE	6. The amount depends upon the arbitrarily assigned zero level.
KE	7. Depends upon object mass and object speed.
It NO A	If an object is at rest on the ground (zero height), it certainly does NOT possess this form of energy.

2.	A toy car is moving along with 0.40 joules of kinetic energy. If its speed is doubled, then its new
	kinetic energy will be

- 3. A young boy's glider is soaring through the air, possessing 0.80 joules of potential energy. If its speed is doubled and its height is doubled, then the new potential energy will be ______.

 a. 0.20 J b. 0.40 J c. 1.60 J d. 3.20 J e. still 0.80 J
- 4. Which would ALWAYS be true of an object possessing a kinetic energy of 0 joules?

 a. It is on the ground.

 b. It is at rest.

 c. It is moving.

 g. It is above the ground.

 It is moving above ground level.
- 5. Which would ALWAYS be true of an object possessing a potential energy of 0 joules?

 a. It is on the ground.

 b. It is at rest.

 c. It is moving on the ground.

 d. It is moving.

 e. It is accelerating.

 f. It is at rest above ground level

 h. It is moving above ground level.
- 6. Calculate the kinetic energy of a 5.2 kg object moving at 2.4 m/s. **PSYW** $E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}(5.2)(2.4)^2 = 15 \text{ J}$
- 7. Calculate the potential energy of a 5.2 kg object positioned 5.8 m above the ground PSYW GPE = mgh $(5.2)(9.8)(5.8) = 295 \longrightarrow 3.0 \times 10^4 \text{ J}$

8. Calculate the speed of a 5.2 kg object that possesses 26.1 J of kinetic energy. PSYW

W	26.1 5 =	1/5.2) W-2						
	1/2 (5.2)	1 (5/2)	V=	3.2m/s				

Work, Energy, and Power

a. KE minus the PE of the object c. the initial KE plus the initial PE of the object d. KE plus the PE of the object at any instant during its motion e. final amount of KE and PE minus the initial amount of KE and PE										
10. If an object moves in such a manner as to conserve its total mechanical energy, then a. the amount of kinetic energy remains the same throughout its motion b. the amount of potential energy remains the same throughout its motion c. the amount of both the kinetic and the potential energy remains the same throughout its motion d. the sum of the kinetic energy and the potential energy remains the same throughout its motion										
11. Determine the total mechanical energy (TME) of the objects at positions A, B, C and D.										
K	sition A = 3000 J = 7000 J	بخ	Positi KE = !	5000 J	,	sition C ## 40 000 J	-		ositio	43
:	1	$\langle \ \ \ \ \rangle$	PE=4	DUU J	PE=0	60 000 J				50 000 J 0 000 J
A: 10	.000	<u>Т</u> В:	9,00	DT	C: [0	0,000	<u> </u>	_		005
13. Read the decrease a. A KE:	followir s or rema marble b	nd. PSYV 2) (2.4 4 ag descriptions the sa egins at an the ruler. = ??? 5 rolling al	4)2+3+00 tions and in me (=). If in elevated p	J = ndicate what is impossed position or the state of the	315 ether the sible to to top of a	2)(9. 5 — e objects' lell, then a nn inclined ???? a note car	8)(5, 32 KE, PE an nswer ???? d ruler an TME: T	8) d TME	Increadown stop.	ases, to the
KE: c. A KE:	cart is pu	= ??? illed from = ???	the bottom	/ & \ 1	ine to the	e top of th	TME: T ne incline TME: T	at a con		??? speed. ???
d. A KE:		tudent rui	ns up a stai	rcase at a		speed.	тме) ↓	=	???
€. KE: △	force is a	pplied to a	a root beer PE:	mug to acc		it from res	st across a	level c	ounter	rtop. ???
p	pendului int.	m bob is re	eleased fro	m rest from		•		swings I	to its l	
KE: g. A	<i>y</i> + car skids		PE: gh speed to	a stoppin	/		TME: T	+ (hwav.	J	???
KE:	\oplus	= ???		† ↓			тме: Т	T)	=	???