

2017

# METRIC MANIA

Name Key Period \_\_\_\_\_

MEASUREMENTS: Include d.o.f., uncertainty and units based on measuring tool.  
#5, 6 - do not worry about the uncertainty.

1. .3927 ± 0.0005 m <sup>39.27 cm</sup> Length of your stride, back toe → front heel (m)

2. 24.8 ± 0.5 °C Temperature of room temperature water (degrees C)

3. 32.0 ± 0.5 mL Volume of mystery liquid (mL)

4. .42 s Time it takes for the balloon to hit the ground (starting at lab desk height) (s)

5. 15.6 cm<sup>3</sup> <sup>(2.50 ± 0.05 cm)<sup>3</sup></sup> Volume of cube (cm<sup>3</sup>) no ± (15.625 cm<sup>3</sup>)

6. 15,600 mm<sup>3</sup> <sup>(25.0 ± 0.5 mm)<sup>3</sup></sup> Volume of cube (mm<sup>3</sup>) no ± (15,625 mm<sup>3</sup>)

7. 145.55 ± 0.05 g Mass of cube (g) Cu



CONVERSIONS: Can be done outside of class. Show work.

$$s = \frac{d}{t}$$

1. Your stride (m) 0.3927 ± 0.0005 m

- If her step took 1.0 seconds, how far did she travel in 1 hour? 3600 s

$$\frac{0.3927 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ s}} \times 3600 \text{ s} = 1,413 \text{ m} \rightarrow \boxed{1,400 \text{ m}}$$

- How many minutes would it take for her to travel 2 miles?  $\frac{0.3927 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ s}} \times 60 \text{ s} = 23.56 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{min}}$

$$\frac{2 \text{ mi}}{1 \text{ mi}} \times \frac{1609 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ mi}} = 3,218 \text{ m} = d \quad t = \frac{d}{s} = \frac{3,218 \text{ m}}{23.56 \text{ m/min}} = 136.6 \text{ min} \rightarrow \boxed{100 \text{ min}}$$

2. Room Temperature Water (Celsius) 24.8 ± 0.5 °C

- Convert temperature in Celsius to Kelvin.

$$24.8 + 273 = \boxed{298 \text{ K}}$$

3. Mystery Liquid Measure (mL) 32.0 ± 0.5 mL = 1 sample

- How many samples of the mystery liquid would it take to fill a 12 oz can of soda?

$$\frac{12 \text{ oz}}{1 \text{ oz}} \times \frac{29.575 \text{ mL}}{32.0 \text{ mL}} = \boxed{11 \text{ samples}}$$

4. Balloon Drop Time (s) 0.42 s

- How many times could you drop the ball in a day?

$$\frac{1 \text{ day}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{1 \text{ hr}} \times \frac{3600 \text{ s}}{0.42 \text{ s}} = \boxed{2 \times 10^5 \text{ drops}}$$

5. Volume of cube (cm<sup>3</sup>) 15.6 cm<sup>3</sup>

- What is the volume (in cm<sup>3</sup>) of 4 cubes?

Count cubes

$$\frac{4 \text{ cubes}}{1 \text{ cube}} \times 15.6 \text{ cm}^3 = \boxed{62.4 \text{ cm}^3}$$

6. Volume of cube (mm<sup>3</sup>) 15,600 mm<sup>3</sup>

- What is the volume (in mm<sup>3</sup>) of 4 cubes?

Count cubes

$$\frac{4 \text{ cubes}}{1 \text{ cube}} \times 15,600 \text{ mm}^3 = \boxed{62,400 \text{ mm}^3}$$

7. Mass the cube (g) 145.55 g

- What is the mass of the cube measured in mg?

$$\frac{145.55 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ g}} = \boxed{145550 \text{ mg}}$$

- What is the mass of the cube measured in lbs? (2.2 lbs = 1 kg)

$$\frac{145.55 \text{ g}}{1000 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ kg}} \times \frac{2.2 \text{ lbs}}{1 \text{ kg}} = \boxed{0.32021 \text{ lbs}}$$